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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/957,004	09/19/2001	Kollin Tierling	IMM135	2443
34300	7590 03/08/2005		EXAM	INER
PATENT DEPARTMENT (51851)			NGUYEN, NAM V	
KILPATRICK STOCKTON LLP 1001 WEST FOURTH STREET WINSTON-SALEM, NC 27101			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2635	

DATE MAILED: 03/08/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	_		
		09/957,004	TIERLING, KOLLIN			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	_		
_		Nam V Nguyen	2635			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communicat or Reply	ion appears on the cover sheet wi	h the correspondence address			
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA asions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communic period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) day period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutor to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, reply received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	TION. 'CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reation. ys, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON by statute, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed y (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed o	n 19 October 2004.				
, —	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	☐ This action is non-final.				
3)□	Since this application is in condition for	allowance except for formal matte	ers, prosecution as to the merits is			
-,	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	ion of Claims					
4) 🖂	Claim(s) 1-29 is/are pending in the appl	ication.				
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
	Claim(s) 1-22 is/are allowed.					
	☑ Claim(s) <u>23-26</u> is/are rejected.					
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	and/or election requirement.				
Applicati	ion Papers					
9)	The specification is objected to by the E	xaminer.				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>19 October 2004</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
/—	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by	•				
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for	foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. 8	119(a)-(d) or (f).			
•	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	g p				
/.	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority doc		oplication No.			
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the					
	application from the International		-			
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action for	r a list of the certified copies not	received.			
Attachmen	t(s)					
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		ummary (PTO-413)			
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08))/Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-152)			
	r No(s)/Mail Date <u>6/23/04</u> .	6) Other:				

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DETAILED ACTION

This communication is in response to applicant's response to an Amendment which is filed October 19, 2004.

An amendment to the claims 1, 7, 10, 11, 13-19, 21 and 23-25 has been entered and made of record in the application of Tierling for a "circuit and method for a switch matrix and switch sensing" filed September 19, 2001.

The new set of claims 27-29 are introduced.

Claims 1-29 are pending.

Response to Arguments

The corrected or substitute drawing were received on October 19, 2004. These drawings are accepted.

Applicant's amendment and argument with respect to the pending claims 1-22, filed October 19, 2004, are persuasive. Therefore the examiner has withdrawn the rejections.

Applicant's amendments and argument to the rejected claims are insufficient to distinguish the claimed invention from the cited prior arts or overcome the rejection of said claims under 35 U.S.C § 103(a) as discussed below. Applicant's amendment and argument with

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respect to the pending claims 23-26, filed October 19, 2004, have been fully considered but they are not persuasive for at least the following reasons.

On page 22, second paragraph, Applicant's amendments and arguments with respect to the invention in Zimmerman, Houston et al. and Feucht et al. do not teach or suggest that wherein selection of a selected row by a scan line returns a scanned column voltage level from the switch matrix to detect if a switch at an intersection of the selected row and the scanned column of the switch matrix has been selected is not persuasive.

As defined by claim 23, Zimmerman disclose that the microcontroller is in a row-scan state. In the row-scan state, the microcontroller disables all column line interrupts and scans the keypad matrix. The microcontroller waits for a predetermined debounce period such as 20 milliseconds. Once the debounce period is over, the microcontroller scans the keypad matrix again. The microcontroller compares the results of the most recent two keypad scans. If the results of the compared keypad scans are different, the keypad has not finished debouncing, and the microcontroller returns to wait for debounce period. Once the keypad has finished debouncing, the results of the most recent two keypad scans will be identical and the microcontroller determines how many keys were pressed (column 4 lines 27 to 67; see Figures 1 and 5-6). Houston et al. disclose a high speed scanning system and method for scanning a matrix of alarm condition sensing means. The matrix is scanned to determine the conditions of the various alarm sensing means by selecting each vertical element of the matrix in turn and for each vertical element sequentially stepping through each of the horizontal elements before the next vertical element is selected (column 2 lines 19 to 65; see Figure 1).

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Furthermore, Feucht et al disclose the switching matrix without pre-resistors but with threshold value switches, the number of rows is very much different from that of columns; there are two rows and n columns, whereby n is larger than 2 (column 2 lines 56 to column 3 line 6; see Figure 1). The operating potential U ground is conveyed over connections zu and us. It is temporarily and selectively applied to a row and column line through contacts 1z and 2z of the row lines and contacts s1 ... sn of the column lines. In the switching matrix shown in FIG. 1 contacts 1z and s1 are closed, so that the full operating potential has effect on threshold value switch X11 over relay R11 connected in series therewith between row and column lines 1. The threshold value switches and relays connected across the other junctions of row and column lines are only indicated by dots and indices of their designation, but it is to be understood that these elements are present. Thus, for example, the point between row 2 and column 2 is designated by 22 (column 2 lines 56 to column 3 line 6; see Figure 1) in order to avoid unintended switch closure in switching matrices wherein the number of rows is very much different from the number of columns.

Therefore, the invention in Zimmerman, Houston et al. and Feucht et al. do not teach or suggest that wherein selection of a selected row by a scan line returns a scanned column voltage level from the switch matrix to detect if a switch at an intersection of the selected row and the scanned column of the switch matrix has been selected.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

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Claim 24-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 24 recites the limitation "the circuit" in the claim 24. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Examiner believes that claim 24 should depend on claim 23.

Referring to claims 25-26 are rejected as being dependent upon a rejected Claim 24 above.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 23-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zimmerman (US# 5,760,714) in view of Houston et al. (US# 3,921,140) and in further view of Feucht et al. (US# 3,689,889).

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Referring to claims 23-26, Zimmerman discloses a circuit for more efficient switch status sensing, the circuit (100) (i.e. an electronic device) (column 1 line 22 to 47; see Figure 1) comprising:

A plurality of switches (70) (i.e. a keypad matrix) organized in a row ((15) and column (10) configuration (column 2 lines 46 to 61; see Figure 1); and

A voltage threshold sensing circuit coupled to the switch matrix by a plurality of scan lines; and

A processor (99) (i.e. a microcontroller) coupled to the voltage threshold sensing circuit signal bus, wherein selection of a selected row by a scan line returns a scanned column voltage level from the switch matrix to detect if a switch at an intersection of the selected row and the scanned column of the switch matrix has been selected (column 2 line 54 to 66; column 3 lines 33 to 64; see Figures 1-3).

However, Zimmerman did not explicitly disclose a plurality of resistors, each of the resistors electrically coupled in series with an associated one of the plurality of switches.

In the same field of endeavor of switch scanning matrix, Houston et al. teach that the current sensing circuit (5) (i.e. a horizontal isolation transistor unit) including a bipolar transistor (85) (column 2 lines 36 to 64; see Figures 1 and 5) in order to detect the level of the output voltage when a switch is closed.

One of ordinary skilled in the art recognizes using a transistor in a horizontal isolation transistor unit to detect voltage of Houston et al. in all the column line interrupts of a sequentially scans for output signal of Zimmerman because Zimmerman suggests it is desired to provide that using a rising/falling edge triggered interrupt component in a sensing circuit to determine which

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key, if any, was validly pressed (column 2 line 57 to column 3 line 22; see Figures 1-3) and Houston et al. teach that using a transistor in a horizontal isolation transistor unit to detect the changing voltage signal level of a switch when the switch is pressed (column 2 lines 19 to 64; see Figures 1 and 5) in order to have a successful and reliable detecting the level of the output voltage of each switch. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to use a transistor in a horizontal isolation transistor unit to detect voltage of Houston et al. in all the column line interrupts of a sequentially scans for output signal of Zimmerman with the motivation for doing so would have been to provide a reliable and valid of sensing a switch status when pressed.

In the same field of endeavor of scanning switch matrix, Feucht et al. disclose a circuit further including: a plurality of resistors (R11), each of the resistors (R11) electrically coupled in series with an associated one of the plurality of switches (X11) (column 2 lines 56 to column 3 line 6; column 4 lines 3 to 38; see Figures 1-4) in order to protect against false closure of threshold value switches.

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to recognize to use each resistor in series with an associated one of the plurality of switches of Feucht et al. in keypad switch matrix of Zimmerman in view Houston et al. of because using a resistor in series with a switch would improve the protection against false closure of threshold value switches that has been shown to be desirable in the keypad switch matrix circuit of Zimmerman in view of Houston et al.

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Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 1-22 and 27-29 are allowed as evident by applicant's amendment and arguments.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nam V Nguyen whose telephone number is 571-272-3061. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri, 8:00AM - 5:00PM.

If attempts-to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Horabik can be reached on 571-272-3068. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9314 for regular communications and 703-872-9314 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-305-3900.

Nam Nguyen February 21, 2005

> MICHAEL HORABIK SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600

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